



THE INDIAN LAW INSTITUTE
(Deemed University)
NEW DELHI

ANNUAL EXAMINATION- 2020(ONLINE)

P.G. DIPLOMA IN ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION
PAPER I – FUNDAMENTALS OF ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION

Duration of Exam: 2.15 hours

Max. Marks: 100

**DO NOT WRITE YOUR NAME , ROLL NUMBER OR ANYTHING WHICH
INDICATE YOUR IDENTITY ON THE ANSWER SHEET.**

Answer any Three questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Distinguish between arbitration and conciliation, with reference to the role and requisite skills of the third neutral party.
2. Discuss common negotiation strategies and bargaining techniques.
3. Write short notes on:
 - (a) Overcoming Communication Inhibitors
 - (b) Handling Impasse by the Conciliator
4. Details the skills required for drafting negotiation and conciliation settlement agreements.
5. Write Short Note on any TWO of the following:
 - (a) Ethical standards of the conciliator.
 - (b) Importance of silence and apology in mediation
 - (c) Lok Adalats



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ANNUAL EXAMINATION- 2020(ONLINE)

P.G. DIPLOMA IN ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION
PAPER II – INDIAN LAW ON ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION

PLEASE SEND ANSWER SHEET TO: pgdadrexam2020@ili.ac.in within 3 hrs. of receiving the question paper. Answer sheets received late will not be considered for Evaluation.

Duration of Exam: 2.15 hours

Max. Marks: 100

Answer any Three questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. “The objective of the Arbitration and conciliation Act, 1996 is to provide speedier Justice. For achieving this goal the provisions are provided to ensure noninterference by the court during the proceedings under the Act.” Explain above statement in the light of the provisions of the Arbitration and conciliation Act, 1996.
2. The concept of two tier arbitration has been introduced to bring transparency, fairness and speedy remedy to the parties. Elucidate the validity of two tier arbitration with relevant case laws and also whether the appellate arbitrator has the power to set-a-side the award of the arbitrator on merit?
3. Considering recent judicial pronouncements, discuss how do interim measures before the court differ from interim measures ordered by arbitral tribunal?
4. Analyze the evolution of conciliation as a mode of dispute settlement. What is the nature and scope of the Settlement Agreement entered into between the parties to a dispute in conciliation proceeding?
5. Write short notes on any **two** of the following:
 - a. Fast track procedure under the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996
 - b. ADR in Family Disputes
 - c. Difference between judicial adjudication and arbitration



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ANNUAL EXAMINATION- 2020(ONLINE)

**P.G. DIPLOMA IN ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION
PAPER III – INTERNATIONAL COMMERCIAL ARBITRATION**

PLEASE SEND ANSWER SHEET TO: pgdadrexam2020@ili.ac.in within 3 hrs. of receiving the question paper. Answer sheets received late will not be considered for Evaluation.

Duration of Exam: 2.15 hours

Max. Marks: 100

Answer any Three questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Explain the role of United Nations Commission on International Trade Law (UNCITRAL) in the development of the international commercial arbitration with special reference to the UNCITRAL MODEL LAW 1985 and briefly state how it has been adopted by India.
2. What is 'Arbitrability'? What is its 'Objective Criterion'? Explain. Cite the examples of illegality, corruption, bribery vis-à-vis International Commercial Arbitration with cases.
3. Explain the relevance of World Trade Organization (WTO) in today's world with a specific reference to its dispute settlement process citing the relevant cases(s).
4. What is "lex arbitri"? Examine in detail the role of the national courts in the ongoing proceedings of the "International Commercial Arbitration" in *another* country. Can a national court 'intervene' in an "international commercial arbitration" happening in *another* country for the sole reason that the chosen 'applicable law' is of the 'intervening court's' country? Briefly state the trend in India citing at least one case law.
5. Write Short Note on any TWO of the following:
 - (a) Arbitration of ICSID (International Centre for Settlement of Investment Disputes)
 - (b) The Alabama Claims Case
 - (c) "Subjective Criteria" of Arbitrability
 - (d) "Conflict of laws" in International Commercial Arbitration



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P.G. DIPLOMA IN ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION
PAPER IV – PROCEDURES & OBLIGATIONS IN ADR

Duration of Exam: 2.15 hours

Max. Marks: 100

Please send answer sheet to pgdadrexam2020@ili.ac.in within 3 hrs. of receiving the question paper. Answer sheets received late will not be considered for Evaluation.

Answer any Three questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. What are the various modes of ‘discharge from contract’ under the Indian Contract Act? Explain with relevant sections of the Indian Contract Act. What is “Frustration of Contract”?
2. Explain the law of ‘**Compensation**’ for loss or damage caused by breach of contract’. **Comment on: “compensation is not to be given for any remote and indirect loss or damage sustained by reason of the breach.”** Trader A contracts to buy trader B’s goods for Rs. 1 Lakh but A commits a breach. ‘B’ obtains such ‘seasonal’ goods for Rs. 1.5 Lakh from the market at the ‘time of the breach’. How much is A liable to pay to B, by way of compensation?
3. “The burden of proof and onus of proof are two different aspects. Although the burden of proof never shifts, the onus of proof keeps on shifting subject to the evaluation of evidence.” Elucidate this statement with relevant sections under the Indian Evidence Act.
4. Examine in detail the significance of “PRESUMPTION” under the Indian Evidence Act? Explain with relevant sections under the Indian Evidence Act.
5. Write Short Note on any TWO of the following:
 - (a) Res gestae (with relevant sections of the Indian Evidence Act)
 - (b) Estoppel (with relevant sections of the Indian Evidence Act)
 - (c) Quasi-contracts (with relevant sections of the Indian Contract Act)
 - (d) Quantum meruit (with relevant sections of the Indian Contract Act)



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ANNUAL EXAMINATION- 2020(ONLINE)
P.G. DIPLOMA IN CYBER LAW
PAPER I –BASICS OF THE COMPUTER AND CYBER WORLD

Duration of Exam: 2.15 hours

Max. Marks: 100

Answer any Three questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Fill in the blanks:

- (a) _____ is an internet scam done by cyber-criminals where the user is convinced digitally to provide confidential information.
- (b) _____ is a means of storing & transmitting information in a specific format so that only those for whom it is planned can understand or process it.
- (c) The ALU of a computer responds to the commands coming from_____
- (d) _____ is the art & science of cracking the cipher-text without knowing the key.
- (e) GPT stands for _____
- (f) Decimal convert of Hexadecimal(0x) number 300 is _____
- (g) CMOS stands for _____
- (h) In Cloud Environment when you add a software stack, such as an operating system and applications to the service, the model shifts to _____ as a Service Model.
- (i) The virtual memory stores the next segment of data to be executed on the _____
- (j) The size of an IP address in IPv6 is _____ bits.

2. Differentiate between Hard Disk Cloning & Disk Imaging. Discuss RAID 1 configuration versus manual Backup and restore. Describe object storage technique used in cloud computing.

3. How Vulnerability assessment is different from Penetration testing. What is SQL injection? What is the main difference between virus and Trojan? Describe usage of Honey pots.
4. Describe different types of deployment models used in cloud computing? Describe the types of server virtualization. Discuss about the data security aspects of cloud computing.
5. Write Short Note on any TWO of the following:
 - (a) Write blocking
 - (b) Chain of Custody in Computer Forensics
 - (c) Secure socket Layer (SSL)
 - (d) Differentiate between Bridges, Switches, Routers

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Duration of Exam: 2.15 hours

Max. Marks: 100

Answer any Three questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Fill in the blanks:

- (i) The small extremely fast, RAM's are called as :
(a) Cache (b) Heaps (c) Accumulators (d) Stacks
- (ii) The PC is incorporated with the help of general purpose registers.
(a) True (b) False
- (iii) What layer in the TCP/IP stack is equivalent to the Transport layer of the OSI model?
(a) Application (b) Host-to-Host (c) Internet (d) Network
- (iv) What is the maximum number of IP addresses that can be assigned to hosts on a local subnet that uses the 255.255.255.224 subnet mask?
(a) 14 (b) 15 (c) 30 (d) 16
- (v) A vulnerability scan tries to verify the vulnerabilities found with little or no user interaction
(a) True (b) False
- (vi) The use of communications that appear to be legitimate to obtain information (often usernames and passwords).
(a) Phishing (b) Baiting (c) Risking (d) Tailgating
- (vii) Hexadecimal convert of decimal number 934 is _____
- (viii) Validate your tools and verify your evidence with _____ to ensure its integrity
(a) Steganography (b) digital certificates (c) hashing algorithms (d) watermarks

- (ix) According to your text, a drive is prepared in three processes. The processes include all of the following *except*:
(a) Formatting (b) high-level formatting (c) partitioning (d) low –level formatting
- (x) Which of the following electronic records disposal method can always be used in a Cloud Environment?
(a) Overwriting (b) Encryption (c) Physical Destruction (d) Degaussing
2. What are the new Cyber Threat emerges due to Cloud? What are different cloud deployment models? What is the role of virtualization in Cloud technologies?
3. What is RAID? Write a note about hardware based and software based RAID configuration? Write a note on Stripping, Mirroring and Parity.
4. Write a note on Chain of Custody? Difference between Mirror Image/ Copying. Write down Cyber Forensic Principles.
5. Write Short Note on any TWO of the following:
- (a) Cloud Service Model
 - (b) RAID 10
 - (c) Steganography
 - (d) Vulnerability Assessment

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ANNUAL EXAMINATION- 2020(ONLINE)

P.G. DIPLOMA IN CYBER LAW

PAPER II – REGULATORY FRAMEWORK OF THE CYBER WORLD

PLEASE SEND ANSWER SHEET TO: pgdclexam2020@ili.ac.in within 3 hrs. of receiving the question paper. Answer sheets received late will not be considered for Evaluation.

Duration of Exam: 2.15 hours

Max. Marks: 100

Answer any Three questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Jurisdiction in cyberspace is a multifaceted issue. Do you think that the Public and Private International law along with conflict of laws would be able to resolve this jurisdictional complexity? Elucidate.
2. “There are dangers in censoring the internet”. The movement has been seen as ‘regulating the internet by computer code’ to ‘return of state in the cyber space’. Discuss the statement with reference to current events and case law. Critically analyze various theories in this regard.
3. Suman is a Sr. Officer working in the R&D company, ABC Ltd. at Gurgaon and allowed to work from her home at Delhi. Suman while working from her home entered into a contract with another company ZGB Ltd. Delhi on behalf of his company ABC Ltd. wherein the clause ‘all the dispute shall be subject to exclusive jurisdiction of court at Gurgaon’. Later on a dispute arises and ZGB Ltd. file the case at Delhi Courts claiming that Suman has executed the online contract from Delhi only and as such the jurisdiction of the court at Gurgaon is not made out. Examine with help of relevant provisions of Indian Contract Act & Information Technology Act, 2000?
4. What is Digital divide? Why the digital divide should be chosen? What are the means to bridge the gap of digital divide? Explain Digital Divide in the light of recent e-governance policies of the Government of India.
5. Write short notes on any **two** of the following:
 - a. Difference between ‘Click Wrap’ & ‘Shrink Wrap Agreement’
 - b. Ethics and Etiquette in Cyberspace
 - c. Blocking Child Pornography in Cyberspace



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Max. Marks: 100

Answer any Three questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. “Information technology has changed the way people enter into contracts today, but the law of contracts hasn’t changed much.” Discuss in view of the general principles of law of contract in India as they apply to online contracts. What are the various features, issues and challenges of online contracts and what are the relevant aspects of the Information Technology Act, 2000?
2. “Legal issues relating to human activities in the cyberspace are giving rise to the question as to what extent can the present laws be transposed to the cyber domain.” Discuss in view of the concepts of sovereignty, jurisdiction and regulation in cyber law jurisprudence.
3. “Privacy ensures that a human being can lead a life of dignity by securing the inner recesses of the human personality from unwanted intrusion.” How is the privacy of an individual threatened in the cyberspace and how does law and technology respond to this threat?
4. What is social media? What are its benefits and challenges? What is the legal framework to regulate social media in India.
5. Write Short Note on any TWO of the following:
 - (a) Privacy policy, usage policy and disclaimer
 - (b) Adjudicating Officer
 - (c) Convergence

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P.G. DIPLOMA IN CYBER LAW

**PAPER III – INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS IN THE CYBER
WORLD**

PLEASE SEND ANSWER SHEET TO: pgdclexam2020@ili.ac.in within 3 hrs. of receiving the question paper. Answer sheets, if received late will not be considered for Evaluation.

Duration of Exam: 2.15 hours

Max. Marks: 100

Answer any Three questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Examine the legal issues that can arise out of linking, inlining and framing.
2. Write a detailed note supported with caselaw on Uniform Domain Name Dispute Resolution Policy (UDRP) and Indian Dispute Resolution Policy (IDRP).
3. Discuss the intellectual property issues of technology transfer and cross-border licensing.
4. Discuss Software patents and Business method patents with special reference to India.
5. Write Short Note on any TWO of the following:
 - (a) Typosquatting
 - (b) Madrid Agreement and Protocol
 - (c) Reverse Domain Name Hijacking

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ANNUAL EXAMINATION- 2020(ONLINE)
P.G. DIPLOMA IN CYBER LAW
PAPER IV – ELECTRONIC COMMERCE

PLEASE SEND ANSWER SHEET TO: pgdclexam2020@ili.ac.in within 3 hrs. of receiving the question paper. Answer sheets received late will not be considered for Evaluation.

Duration of Exam: 2.15 hours

Max. Marks: 100

Answer any Three questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. With the development of e-commerce the basic concept of postal rule has changed significantly. Discuss the change in notion with recent judgments.
2. Discuss the advantage and disadvantage of e-commerce in comparison to traditional commerce.
3. “Right to Information Technology Act, 2000 is data privacy protection legislation”. How far this statement is justifiable.
4. What is the role of RBI in regulating the online payment mode in India. Discuss.
5. Write Short Note on any TWO of the following:
 - (a) Cyber Insurance
 - (b) Electronic Signature
 - (c) Online Payment Gateways
 - (d) E-governance in India

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ANNUAL EXAMINATION- 2020(ONLINE)

P.G. DIPLOMA IN CYBER LAW

Paper V – Information Technology Act, 2000

Duration of Exam: 2.15 hours

Max. Marks: 100

PLEASE SEND ANSWER SHEET TO: pgdclexam2020@ili.ac.in within 3 hrs. of receiving the question paper. Answer sheets received late will not be considered for Evaluation.

Answer any Three questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. What is SPDI? The IT Act provides that in case of data breach, a corporate body negligent in implementing and maintaining reasonable security practices are liable to compensation and would also be criminally liable in certain cases. Discuss with relevant provision with IT Act and The Information Technology (Reasonable Security Practices and Procedures and Sensitive Personal Data or Information) Rules, 2009.
2. Mr. A received an e-mail claimed to be sent by his Banker and asked for updating the contact detail, otherwise his credit card would be suspended. Mr A click on the weblink in the E-mail which take it to the fake website of the Bank and Mr A unknowingly furnished the details and within few minutes, a lot of transactions were executed through his credit card. Mr A filed the complaint with the bank and local police in whose jurisdiction he was residing. Police refused to take action denying their jurisdiction. Elucidate the remedies available to the Mr. A for the offences as well as the jurisdiction. Can Mr. A proceed against the bank?
3. Mr. A received an e-mail containing defamatory content regarding Mr. B and told the same to Mr B. Mr B filed the complaint with police alleging the content to be defamatory and offensive. Police refuses to register the case on the ground that the offence falls U/s 66A of the Information Technology Act which has been declared unconstitutional by Supreme Court in the judgment 'Shreya Singhal Vs UOI'. Discuss the provision of Section 66A and the grounds on which it has been declared unconstitutional by Supreme Court. What are the alternative remedies available to a victim of such misconduct? Whether any other offence apart from Section 66 A is made out under the provision Of Information Technology Act. Refer relevant provision of law.

4. In a case, where fake profile of a Indian resident is created on the facebook, the police issued the notice to facebook, under section 91 CrPC within 1 month of the offence to provide the IP address and data of the fake profile. Facebook does not provide the data on the frivolous ground. Police files the charge sheet against the offender and also making the facebook liable for abetment. Facebook contends that it is protected under section 79 of the IT Act, 2000, being an intermediary. Whether Facebook would succeed? Also discuss the relevant provision and rules.
5. Write short notes on **any two** of the following in the light of the IT Act, 2000:-
- a) Digital Signature and Secure Digital Signature
 - b) Power of the Government under the Information Technology Act, 2000
 - c) Cyber Appellate Tribunal (CAT)

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P.G. DIPLOMA IN CYBER LAW

Paper V – Information Technology Act, 2000 (II SHIFT)

Duration of Exam: 2.15 hours

Max. Marks: 100

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Answer any Three questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. The fraudsters in a Country X commits a DOS Attacks on the servers of the Railway services in a Country Y resulting into complete failure of Railway network in country Y and Railway services are completely paralyzed? The Country Y claims it to be an act of Cyber Terrorism committed by the hackers.
Discuss the same in context with Information Technology Act as whether Country Y would succeed and what are the pre-requisite of the cyber terrorism?
2. Ms. A approached the Police alleging that some unknown person created her fake profile containing her photograph on the website XYZ.com and attached the link '*Iamavailable*' and on clicking the link, it takes to the pornographic website containing sexually explicit act. The police claimed that offence did not occur in their jurisdiction as the website is not hosted from India & no incriminating act have been done into their jurisdiction. Elucidate the remedies available to the Ms. A for the offences as well as the jurisdiction.
3. The adult and child pornography has become a nuisance over the internet which is accessible to the people of all the ages including children. Elucidate the provision of IT Act as to the website containing obscene contents and the power of the government to block them.
4. What kind of role the Adjudicating Officer plays under the IT Act, 2000? Elaborate the process of adjudication by referring to the relevant provisions under the IT Act and Rules made there under?

5. Write short notes on **any two** of the following in the light of the IT Act, 2000:-

- (a) Secure Digital Signature and Secure Electronic Record
- (b) Liability of Intermediaries for infringing third party content.
- (c) Admissibility of electronic records under the Indian Evidence Act, 1872.

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ANNUAL EXAMINATION-APRIL 2020
P.G. DIPLOMA IN CORPORATE LAWS AND MANAGEMENT
PAPER I – GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF COMPANY LAW–I

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 100

Answer any Three questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. (a) Explain the principle of ‘Separate Legal Entity’.
 (b) Discuss the circumstances under which ‘Corporate Veil’ is lifted.
2. Discuss the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 governing Related Party Transactions.
3. (a) Briefly discuss the characteristics/features of a Company.
 (b) What is a Private Company? How is it different from a Public Company?
4. Discuss the evolution of corporate law in India with emphasis on the developments that took place in the post-colonial era.
5. Write Short Note on any TWO of the following:
 - (i) Registration of charges
 - (ii) Investor Education and Protection Fund
 - (iii) Interim Dividend and Final Dividend



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ANNUAL EXAMINATION- 2020(ONLINE)

P.G. DIPLOMA IN CORPORATE LAWS AND MANAGEMENT
PAPER II – GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF COMPANY LAW–II

Duration of Exam: 2.15 hours

Max. Marks: 100

Answer any Three questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. What are the legal requirements and procedure of calling an Annual General Meeting in a company according to Companies Act 2013? What is the role of a 'Proxy' in a company's meeting?
2. What are the reasons for which a company has to wind up? Explain the procedure of winding up of a company under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code 2016.
3. "Mandatory CSR is a welcome step towards contributing to society and helping a company achieve a balance of economic, environmental and social imperatives while addressing the expectations of shareholders and stakeholders." Elucidate this statement by discussing the recent change in Corporate Social Responsibility Regime in India.
4. What are the roles of National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) and National Company Law Appellate Tribunal (NCLAT)? What are the powers and functions in addressing the adjudications relating to a company?
5. Write Short Note on any TWO of the following:
 - (a) SEBI's Takeover Code
 - (b) Voting Process in Company's Meeting
 - (C) Amalgamation of Companies



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ANNUAL EXAMINATION- 2020(ONLINE)
P.G. DIPLOMA IN CORPORATE LAWS AND MANAGEMENT
PAPER II – GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF COMPANY LAW–II

Duration of Exam: 2.15 hours

Max. Marks: 100

Answer any Three questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Critically examine the provisions of law with respect to winding up of companies.
2. Analyze the statutory provisions relating to inspection, inquiry and investigation of companies.
3. “A Company’s implementation of Corporate Social Responsibility goes beyond compliance with regulatory requirements and engages in actions that appear to further some social good, beyond its own interests and that which is required by law”.
In light of the above statement discuss the concept of Corporate Social Responsibility.
4. Discuss and examine the salient provisions of Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016.
5. Write Short Note on any TWO of the following:
 - (a) Corporate Governance
 - (b) Audit Report
 - (C) NCLAT (National Company Law Appellate Tribunal).

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ANNUAL EXAMINATION- 2020(ONLINE)

P.G. DIPLOMA IN CORPORATE LAWS AND MANAGEMENT

PAPER III – BUSINESS LAW AND REGULATION OF BUSINESS
PLEASE SEND ANSWER SHEET TO: pgdclmexam2020@ili.ac.in within 3 hrs. of receiving the question paper. Answer sheets received late will not be considered for Evaluation.

Duration of Exam: 2.15 hours

Max. Marks: 100

Answer any Three questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Distinguish between Limited Liability Partnership and Joint Stock Company?
2. Discuss with example the nature and extent of Surety's Liability? What do you mean by Continuing Guarantee? Explain.
3. Define an arbitration agreement. What are its essential elements? What matters cannot be referred to arbitration.
4. What is a Negotiable Instrument? Highlight the main features of Negotiable Instrument. Clearly distinguish between Promissory note and bills of exchange?
5. Write Short Note on any TWO of the following:
 - (a) E-Commerce
 - (b) Conditions and Warranties
 - (C) Duties of Bailee

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P.G. DIPLOMA IN CORPORATE LAWS AND MANAGEMENT
PAPER IV – THEORY AND PRACTICE OF MANAGEMENT

Please submit the answer sheet to pgdclmexam2020@ili.ac.in within three hours of receiving the question paper.

Duration of Exam: 2.15 hours

Max. Marks: 100

Answer any Three questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. How do goal setting, reinforcement and Equity Theory Motivate? Explain Motivation?
2. What do you understand by Conflict within an organization? What are the sources of Conflict in an organization? Suggest the ways to tackle the conflict within an Organization?
3. The Managers most basic responsibility is to focus people towards performance of work activities to achieve desired outcome? What is your interpretation of this statement? Do you agree with it? Why or Why not?
4. Why do people resist change? How can resistance to change be reduced?
5. Write Short Note on any TWO of the following:
 - (a) Maslow's "theory of needs"
 - (b) Decision making
 - (C) Team Building

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P.G. DIPLOMA IN CORPORATE LAWS AND MANAGEMENT
PAPER V – BOOK KEEPING AND ACCOUNTANCY

Duration of Exam: 2.15 hours

Max. Marks: 100

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Answer any Three questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. (a) Discuss the basic concepts & convention of double entry book-keeping system.
(b) What is the importance of costing system in a company.
2. (a) Discuss in brief the objectives of Auditing in a large scale business organization.
(b) What is the difference between Statutory Audit, Internal Audit and Special Audit?
3. From the following Trial Balance of M/s AB & Sons prepare Trading A/c, Profit & Loss A/c and Balance Sheet as on 31.3.2020.

Particulars	Amount (Debit) ₹	Amount (Credit) ₹
Sales & Sales Returns	20,000	10,00,000
Purchases & Purchase Returns	6,00,000	20,000
Capital	-	6,00,000
Opening Stock	80,000	-
Plant & Machinery	2,00,000	-
Wages	40,000	-
Land & Building	6,40,000	-
Salaries	60,000	-
Furniture	1,00,000	-
Debtors & Creditors	1,54,000	4,00,000
Insurance Premium	6000	-
Bills Receivables & Bills Payable	60,000	60,000
Investments	1,00,000	-
General Expenses	20,000	-
Cash in Hand	20,000	-
Cash at Bank	40,000	-
Bank Loan	-	60,000
TOTAL	21,40,000	21,40,000

Additional Informations:-

1. Closing stock was valued at Rs.1,80,000/-.
 2. Depreciate Building by Rs.50,000 and Plant & Machinery @20%.
 3. Create Reserves for discount Rs.2,000 on Sundry Debtors.
 4. Outstanding Salaries for Rs.10,000/-
 5. Insurance prepaid was Rs.1000/-
 6. General Expenses still outstanding Rs.1000/-
4. (a) Mr. Ram started a new business on 1.4.2019 with a capital of Rs. 10 lac in cash. He opened a Bank A/c with Rs. 5 lac. During the year he made the following transaction in his business:
Paid for Wages Rs. 10000 in cash; Insurance Premium of Rs. 5000 by cheque; Plant & Machinery by cheque Rs. 1,00,000; Raw Material by cheque Rs. 50,000; Misc. Expenses Rs.10,000 in cash.
You are required to make Journal Entries in his Journal for the year 2019-2020.
- (b) Mr. Shyam Purchased a Machine from Mr. Mohan on credit for Rs. 50,000 on 1.4.2019. Mr. Mohan drawn a Bill of Exchange on Mr. Shyam for Rs. 50,000 for a period of 3 months. Mr. Mohan got the Bill discounted @10% per annum. On due date the Bill was honored by Mr. Shyam.
You are required to make Journal entries in the Books of Both the parties and their ledger A/cs.
5. Differentiate between the following:
- (i) Reserves, Provisions and Surpluses
 - (ii) Equity Shares, Preference Shares and Debentures
 - (iii) Variable Costs, Semi-variable Costs & fixed costs
 - (iv) Receipt & Payment Account and Income & Expenditure A/c
 - (v) Revenue Expenditure & Capital Expenditure.

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ANNUAL EXAMINATION- 2020(ONLINE)

P.G. DIPLOMA IN INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS LAW
PAPER I – GENERAL REGIME OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW

Duration of Exam: 2.15 hours

Max. Marks: 100

Answer any Three questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Discuss the role of international conventions in structuring the Patent law in India.
2. Critically analyze the interface of Competition law and Intellectual Property Rights in the background of Microsoft litigations in US and EU.
3. Discuss concept of the licensing under Copyright law.
4. Elaborate on the protection of traditional knowledge under the Indian Intellectual Property Regime.
5. Write short notes on:
 - a. Big Data under copyright
 - b. Geographical indication

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PAPER II – LAW OF COPYRIGHT AND RELATED RIGHTS

Duration of Exam: 2.15 hours

Max. Marks: 100

Please send answer sheet to pgdadrexam2020@ili.ac.in within 3 hrs. of receiving the question paper. Answer sheets received late will not be considered for Evaluation

Answer any Three questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Discuss the impact of Berne Convention and TRIPS on the growth of Indian Copyright Law.
2. Copyright resides not in the idea but in the expression of the same. Explain the relevance of this statement with decided cases.
3. Abu Jani is a world famous Indian Installation artist. He was commissioned by the Government of India to create an installation art which was to be placed in Vigyan Bhavan. Mr. Jani's installation was displayed in Vigyan Bhavan from 2010 to January 2019 after which it was unceremoniously removed and the materials were kept in a store room where they suffered extensive damage. The removal was without consent or intimation to Mr. Jani who was deeply disturbed by the same. He approaches you for legal advice. Kindly advice Mr. Jani about his legal options.
4. What are the civil and criminal remedies available in case of copyright infringement?
5. Write Short Note on any TWO of the following:
 - (a) Access to published works for blind persons under Indian Law and Impact of Marrakesh Treaty 2013
 - (b) Compulsory License in unpublished work
 - (c) Role of Copyright Societies

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P.G. DIPLOMA IN INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS LAW

PAPER III – LAW OF PATENTS, TRADE SECRETS AND RELATED RIGHTS

PLEASE SEND ANSWER SHEET TO: pgdiprexam2020@ili.ac.in within 3 hrs. of receiving the question paper. Answer sheets received late will not be considered for Evaluation.

Duration of Exam: 2.15 hours

Max. Marks: 100

Answer any Three questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. What are the important provisions of WTO-TRIPS relating to patent law? What impact did the TRIPS agreement have on the growth of Indian Patent Law?
2. Indian patent law has several features which ensure that patent system does not come in the way of ensuring affordable access to medicines and healthcare. In view of this, discuss the Indian anti-ever greening provision and illustrate your answer with case law.
3. Charles Xavier and Eric Leshner were working together to develop an anti-cancer drug. Upon completion of their research, Eric Leshner went ahead and filed a patent application over the anti-cancer drug. A patent was granted to Mr. Leshner on 1st June 2019. Immediately after the grant, Mr. Xavier has now approached you for legal assistance. Explain the remedy, if any, available to Mr. Xavier. Discuss the process of such remedy in detail.
4. What do you understand by Traditional Knowledge? What are the provisions in Indian Patents Act relating to the protection of Traditional Knowledge?
5. Write Short Note on any TWO of the following:
 - (a) Prior Art and its significance in patent law
 - (b) Patent protection of Computer Related Inventions
 - (c) Bolar provision in India and its significance

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P.G. DIPLOMA IN INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS LAW

PAPER IV – LAW OF TRADEMARKS, DESIGNS AND UNFAIR COMPETITION

Duration of Exam: 2.15 hours

Max. Marks: 100

Please send answer sheet to pgdiprexam2020@ili.ac.in within 3 hrs. of receiving the question paper. Answer sheets received late will not be considered for Evaluation

Answer any Three questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. What is meant by 'Trade Mark'? Who can file an application for registration of a trade mark under the Trade Marks Act' 1999? What is the complete Procedure for registration of a Trademark under the Trade Marks Act & Rules.
2. What is a passing off remedy for Trademark? Explain the civil and criminal remedies for a registered Trademark with case law examples
3. What is the interface between Design and Copyright? Can an Artistic work be registered as design? Explain with cases.
4. Trace the origin and development of Unfair Competition? What are the categories of Unfair Competition? How Unfair Competition does is protected under Indian laws?
5. Write Short Note on any TWO of the following:
 - (a) Madrid Protocol
 - (b) Essentials for the registration of design under the Design Act 2000
 - (c) Types of Unfair Competition under IPR Laws

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P.G. DIPLOMA IN INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS LAW
PAPER V – INDUSTRIAL DESIGNS, GEOGRAPHICAL INDICATIONS AND
LAYOUT-DESIGNS OF INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

Duration of Exam: 2.15 hours

Max. Marks: 100

Please send answer sheet to pgdiprexam2020@ili.ac.in within 3 hrs. of receiving the question paper. Answer sheets received late will not be considered for Evaluation

Answer any Three questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Differentiate design from patent, trademarks and copyright. What is the rationale for 10 years protection of a Design under the Design Act, 2000?
2. Discuss how piracy of a registered design occurs and describe various remedies available under the law.
3. Give your opinion about the additional protections given to wines and spirits under article 23 of TRIPS?
4. What is Geographical Indications? With reference to the contention on patenting Basmati rice in USA comment on the significance of the Geographical Indications of Goods (Registration and Protection) Act, 1999 in protecting patent right in India.
5. Write Short Note on any TWO of the following:
 - (a) Infringements and Remedies under the Designs Act, 2000
 - (b) ‘Appellation of Origin’ and ‘Indication of Source’ under Geographic Indications I
 - (c) Prior users principle in Geographic indications
 - (d) Reverse Engineering of Semiconductor Integrated Circuits Layout-Design